















FORESTS OF UZBEKISTAN









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Republic of Uzbekistan



FORESTS

Uzbekistan





BASIC COUNTRY DATA

Official name: Republic of Uzbekistan

Population (2018): 32,9 million

Area: 44,7 million km2

Location: Kazakhstan, Turkmenistan, Tajikistan, Kyrgyzstan,

Afghanistan

Share of rural residents: 49,3 %

Climate: dry, sharply continental.

Forest estate: 11,4 million ha

Forested area: 3,3 million ha

Forest cover: 7,2 %

Forest per inhabitant: 0,10 %

Ecosystems: 7

Flora: 4,500 species (9% endemic)

Fauna: 14,900 species of invertebrates

vertebrates

Protected Natural Territories: 3.5 million hectares





THE FOREST SECTOR OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN







Forest resources, 1988 and most recent

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		1988	most recent
Area of forest	1,000 ha	1,908.9	3,604
Area of other wooded land	1,000 ha	1,869.5	115.4
Forest and other wooded land	1,000 ha	3,778.4	3,369.4
Average annual % change in forest area	%	-	2.54
Growing stock	Million m3	11,03	55.1
Share of primary forest	%	-	2.3
Share of plantations for wood production	%	-	24.9
Share of publicly owned forest	%	100	100
Share of public forest managed by state forest agency/enterprise	%	93,8	100
Proportion of forest area under a long-term forest management plan	%	100	100
Area of certified forest	ha	0	0
Area of disturbed forest (all causes, including fire, insects, disease) as present of total forest	%	+	0.8



most recent







Goods and services provided in the forests of Uzbekistan, the most recent period

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Recorded total harvesting	1000 м3	36	
Wood fuel production	1000 м3	26	
Wood fuel share in wood production	%	72.2	
The proportion of forests with management focused on maintaining and strengthening protective functions	%	83.4	
Proportion of forests strictly protected for biodiversity conservation	%	12	
Major non-woody forest products and services	Honey, nuts (pistachios, walnuts), medicinal and aromatic plants, fruits, handicrafts		
Employment in forestry, personnel per hectare	The equivalent of full employment / 1000 ha	0,7	
Net GHG emissions (source)/removals (sink) of forests per thousand hectares of forest	tCO2e/ha	-0,2	





POLICY



FORESTS

In Uzbekistan, forest policy and production activities related to forests are under the jurisdiction of the State Committee on Forestry of the Republic of Uzbekistan (Goskomles).

By Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated May 11, 2017, the Main Directorate of Forestry under the Ministry of Agriculture and Water Resources was transformed into State Committee on Forestry. In the introduction of the Goskomles, forestry and forest areas included in various departments were transferred; as a result, the forest fund area increased by 2.575 million hectares.

In addition, Goskomles is responsible for the preservation and improvement of existing forests, as well as for the increase of forest land through forest restoration, afforestation, creation of forest and pasture protection belts and forest cultures.





INTERNATIONAL ACTIVITIES



FORESTS

MoU signed with Turkish Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry;

Focal Point for UNCCD;

Implementing 3 projects with FAO;

Implementing 2 projects with GIZ;

Implementing project with TICA;

Training course project with KOICA;

Exchange program Road Map with US Forest Service;

Exchange program Road Map with Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry of Turkey





DISTRIBUTION OF UZBEK FOREST FUND BY REGIONS







Mountain range

1.5 million hectares



Valley

0.26 million hectares



Desert area

9.5 million hectares



Tugai region

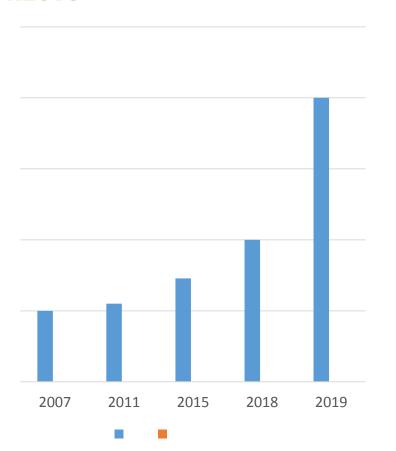
0.119 million hectares

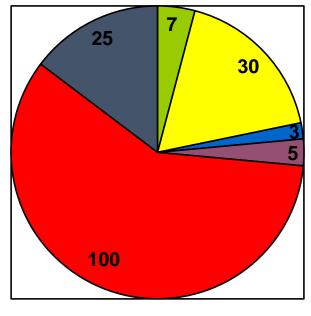




Volumes of growing planting material by regional forestry departments







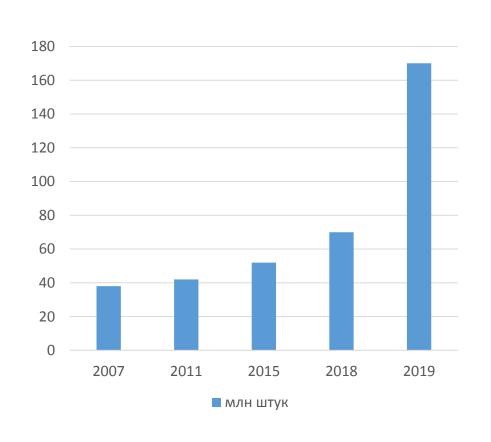


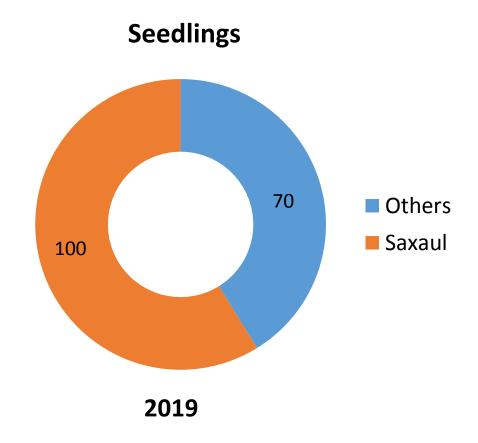




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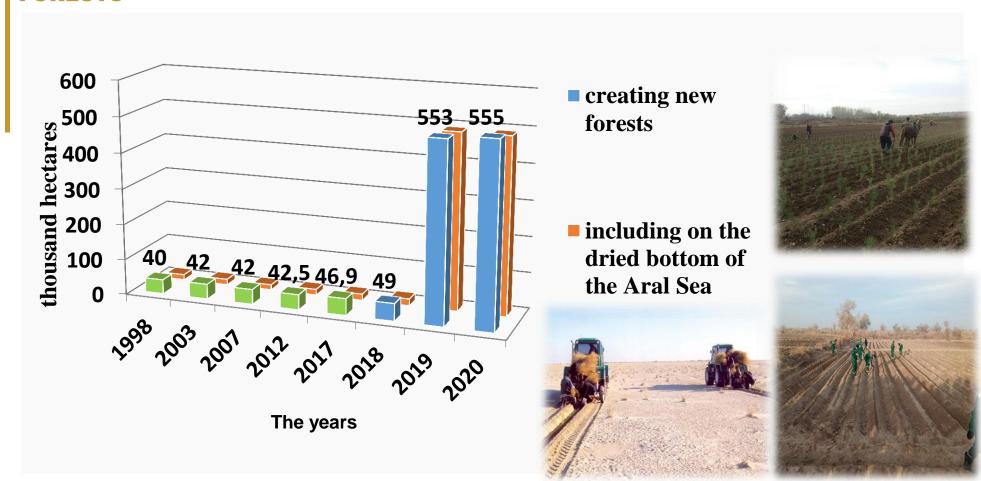






Dynamics of volumes of works on forest management and forest-crop









Production, trade and comsumption of forest products, most recent period

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Production of sawnwood	1,000 m3	25
Self-sufficiency in forest products	%	2.6
Consumption per head of forest product	M3 RE/cap	0.2
Share of forest products imports from the Russian Federation	%	75.2











Problems



- Lack of Innovation approaches for the development of Management Plans;
- High salinization;
- Dust storms in the region;
- Drying of the Aral Sea;







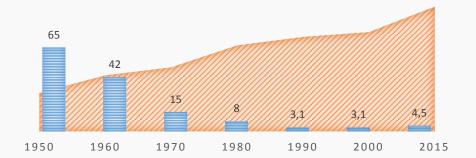
Situation over the past 50-55 years in the Aral



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The volume of water decreased by more than 30 times.

Sea area has decreased by almost 9 times Sea level decreased by more than 29 m The coastline retreated hundreds of miles



Irrigated area (thousands ha)

Amu Darya river water inflow into the Aral Sea through (km³)

Source: Rethinking water in CA 2018

To date (October 2018), the sea has the following indicators:

Water volume - 43.34 km3

Water surface area - 2 845 km²







The Multi-Partner Human Security Trust Fund for the Aral Sea Region



What are the objectives of the Fund?

How will the Fund achieve its objectives?

What are the benefits to the population?



















FORESTS



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